TDB Trends Research (Nationwide, Research & Summary for February 2024)

The domestic economy has deteriorated for the second consecutive month

~ While stock prices have reached all-time highs, the increase in cost-saving behavior has put downward pressure on personal consumption-related sectors.~

(Companies researched: 27,443; Valid responses: 11,267; Response rate: 41.1%; Survey start date: May 2002)

< Trend in February 2024: Slight deterioration >

The economic diffusion index (DI) in February 2024 was 43.9, down 0.3 points from the previous month, marking a second consecutive month of deterioration.

The domestic economy has experienced a slight decline, despite the positive impact of the stock market and other financial markets. Factors such as the growing trend of cost-saving behavior among consumers and the production and shipment stoppage in the automotive industry have contributed to this deterioration.

< Future outlook: Expected to recover gradually after summer >

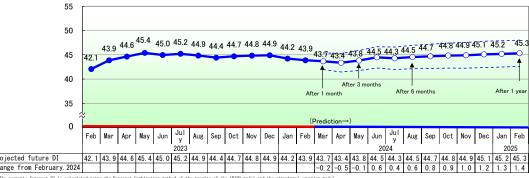
Looking ahead, the economy is expected to face downward pressure from concentrated negative factors, but it is anticipated to gradually recover, mainly driven by an increase in personal consumption resulting from wage hikes and other factors, starting from the summer.

e-mail: keiki@mail.tdb.co.jp

By industry: 6 industries and 32 business categories have deteriorated, with factors such as reduced buying behavior and stagnation in the manufacturing sector acting as negative factors.

By scale: All scales have seen a slight deterioration for the second consecutive month.

By region: Out of the 10 regions, 7 have deteriorated, with the ongoing impact of a mild winter and production stoppages.



Economic Diffusion Index (Economic DI)1/2

	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Ratio to the Previous Month
Total	42.1	43.9	44.6	45. 4	45.0	45. 2	44.9	44. 4	44.7	44.8	44.9	44. 2	43.9	▲ 0.3
Large Firms	44.2	46. 1	47.3	48. 1	47.7	48.6	48.0	47.8	47.9	48. 4	48. 1	47. 9	47.7	▲ 0.2
Small to Medium-sized Firms	41.7	43.5	44.2	44. 9	44.5	44. 6	44.3	43.8	44.1	44. 2	44.3	43.6	43.2	▲ 0.4
Micro Firms	40.9	42.4	42.9	43. 9	43.6	43. 4	43.5	43.0	43.4	43. 1	43.3	42. 6	42.4	▲ 0.2

		Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Ratio to the Previous Month
Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries		38.9	41.6	42.2	44.8	46.7	42.5	43.0	42. 1	43.0	40. 1	40.5	40.3	41.2	0.9
Finance		43.3	44.0	45.0	47.8	48.1	47. 4	48.8	46.8	47.3	48. 0	47.0	47.7	47.7	0.0
Construction		43.7	45.5	45.6	46. 9	46.8	47.8	47.4	47. 1	47.5	47.8	47.2	47.7	47.5	▲ 0.2
Real Estate		46.3	47.5	49.6	50.7	50.3	48.8	49.6	48.5	48.7	47. 9	47.5	48. 1	48.3	0.2
	Food,BEWerages,Livestock Feed	37.0	41.1	42.0	43.7	43.6	43. 1	44.5	42.6	43.4	44.0	44.6	43.6	43.4	▲ 0.2
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	39.0	38.6	41.0	42.1	42.0	43.6	42.6	43.0	41.5	40.8	40.1	37. 9	37.7	▲ 0.2
	Construction Materials, Furniture, Ceramics, Stone and Clay Products	37.6	37.0	39.7	39. 0	38. 4	37. 9	38. 2	39. 0	40.3	41.5	40.3	39. 9	38. 1	▲ 1.8
	Pulp, Paper and Paper Products	36.6	38.6	37.6	38. 6	35.8	36. 1	36.1	36. 9	37.7	37. 2	38.5	37. 3	35.7	▲ 1.6
	Publishing, Printing	31.6	34.3	33.9	35. 4	33.9	33. 4	33.9	32. 3	32.5	33. 1	34.2	32. 4	34.6	2.2
Manufacturing	Chemical	39.2	40.1	41.0	40.6	41.6	41.8	41.2	41.2	41.4	42.7	42.2	42.6	39.9	▲ 2.7
	Steel,Nonferrous Metals,Mining	41.0	41.9	41.1	40.9	40.4	40.7	39.9	39.8	41.5	41.9	42.0	39. 7	38.3	▲ 1.4
	General Machinery	43.7	43.4	43.8	42.9	41.9	42.9	42.8	41.2	40.7	40.5	40.6	39. 3	40.6	1.3
	Electrical Machinery	43.2	42.8	43.2	43. 1	43.9	42.9	42.8	42.4	42.3	43.0	42.5	43.6	42.5	▲ 1.1
	Transportation Machinery, Equipment	39.6	41.2	41.5	43.0	44.6	46.2	46.2	48.3	46.9	47. 2	44.7	41.6	39.3	▲ 2.3
	Precision Machinery, Medical Instruments and Equipment	49.0	46.8	45.6	46. 2	46.8	45. 4	42.9	44. 2	42.9	43. 4	44.3	43. 9	43.3	▲ 0.6
	Other	36.1	40.8	41.9	42.7	42.3	43.8	40.3	40.5	39.4	40.7	39.9	41.9	44.7	2.8
	Total	40.0	41.0	41.4	41.5	41.3	41.5	41.2	40.8	41.1	41.6	41.5	40.4	39.8	▲ 0.6
	Food,BEWerages	38.3	42.1	44.3	45. 2	44.9	46. 4	47.1	45.8	43.3	44. 5	45.7	43.1	43.7	0.6
	Textile,Textile Products,Clothing	35.9	38.0	41.9	43. 1	39.4	39. 5	38.0	38. 1	36.1	36.0	36.3	36. 9	36.8	▲ 0.1
	Construction Materials, Furniture, Ceramics, Stone and Clay Products	37.2	38. 0	39. 1	38. 4	37.3	38. 4	38.0	38. 1	38.0	38. 3	38.9	38. 0	37.8	▲ 0.2
Wholesale	Paper Products, Stationery, Books	35.6	37.3	37.9	40.3	36.5	38. 2	38.6	38. 5	38.4	40.1	40.7	39. 6	38.2	▲ 1.4
	Chemical	41.7	43.5	44.9	46.8	45.3	45.2	45.1	44. 5	44.9	45. 1	45.4	44. 4	42.2	▲ 2.2
	Recycled Resources	43.2	41.7	43.5	40.4	38.9	42.2	40.9	43.9	45.2	42.4	43.8	42.9	41.7	▲ 1.2
	Steel, Nonferrous Metals, Mining Products	37. 1	37.8	37.9	38. 1	37. 5	37. 9	34. 7	36. 7	37.0	38. 1	38. 2	37. 3	34. 9	▲ 2.4
	Machinery, Equipment	43.3	45. 2	45.2	46.0	45.4	45.3	44.7	43.8	43.9	44.1	44.7	43.7	43.4	▲ 0.3
	Other	40.9	42.3	43.9	44.9	43. 2	42.6	42.7	41.7	43. 1	43.2	42.9	42.0	41.1	▲ 0.9
	Total	40.1	41.9	42.9	43.7	42.5	42.9	42.3	41. 9	41.7	42.1	42.7	41.6	40.9	▲ 0.7

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-Economic	Dillusion	inaex	\Lconomic	DDZZ

		Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Ratio to the Previous Month
	Food,BEWerages	40.6	42.7	49. 1	49.7	46.6	46.2	47.8	46.5	45.5	44. 9	46.4	45.5	43.8	▲ 1.7
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	35.7	39.7	36. 6	38.3	40.4	41.4	41.2	36.6	42.7	39.3	40.0	36.3	40.2	3. 9
	Drugs,Sundries	38.5	42.9	47.8	47.4	45.9	45.3	42.6	42.5	43.8	44.7	46.1	45.8	45. 4	▲ 0.4
	Furniture	33.3	39. 5	38. 1	34.7	33.3	32.5	30.2	36.3	27. 2	32.4	32.7	34.0	32. 1	▲ 1.9
Retail	Electrical Household Appliances, Information Machinery and Equipment	37. 5	40. 2	37. 8	40. 5	38.6	41. 3	40. 2	42.7	42. 5	44. 0	42.7	41.8	42. 3	0. 5
	Motor Vehicles, Motor Vehicle Parts	38.7	40.8	44.0	41.5	40.6	40.9	42.0	41.7	42.4	40.2	39.7	42.4	41.2	▲ 1.2
	Special Merchandise	35.3	38.6	39. 0	39.4	40.1	38.8	38. 7	39.1	39.4	38. 1	38.3	37.8	37. 7	▲ 0.1
	Various Merchandise	41.0	43.6	47.8	45.8	44.9	48. 1	48.5	45.9	45.3	44. 3	44.1	42.7	40.9	▲ 1.8
	Other	44.8	41.1	41.7	41.1	45.8	46.2	42.2	47.6	46.2	47.2	51.3	40.3	44.0	3. 7
	Total	37.7	40.6	42.5	42.4	42.0	41.9	41.8	41.4	41.9	41.2	41.5	40.8	40.6	▲ 0.2
Transportati	on,Warehousing	38.0	41.2	42. 1	43.4	42.2	43.5	43.3	42.8	44. 1	43.8	44.5	43.5	41.9	▲ 1.6
	Restaurants	42.4	49.8	50.8	56.7	53.6	55.6	52.2	51.8	47.4	49.4	54.0	50.3	48.0	▲ 2.3
	Postal, Telecommunications	44.4	52.8	52.8	58.3	53.3	60.4	54.8	57.4	59.5	57.1	54.2	56.1	51.9	▲ 4.2
	Electricity,Gas,Water,Heat	32.1	39. 7	38. 9	44.0	44.1	44.8	43.5	46.3	44. 1	50.0	42.7	41.7	43.6	1. 9
	Leasing, Rentals	47.4	48. 1	50.5	49.7	52.1	49.8	49.0	49.2	52. 5	52.9	51.6	50.3	50.5	0. 2
	Lodging, Hotels	48.0	59.5	62.1	59.8	55.1	56.6	55.5	57.6	59.7	64.3	56.9	51.3	55. 3	4.0
	Recreation	44. 1	50.9	48. 9	50.4	47.6	49.3	48.8	46.2	46.3	44.8	47.9	46.3	46.3	0.0
	Broadcasting	41.1	42.6	44.7	47.4	43.1	44.7	46.1	45.6	42.6	45.6	43.3	44.1	47.1	3.0
Service	Maintenance,Guarding,Testing	42.6	45.3	45.8	47.3	48.0	48. 4	47.4	47.8	46.8	49.0	46.9	47.3	46.7	▲ 0.6
	Advertising	41.4	43.7	46.6	45.0	45.0	44.8	45.2	45.4	45.2	45.6	45.1	46.2	47.0	0.8
	Information	53.8	55. 5	55.8	56. 2	56.8	57.0	56.4	55.5	56.0	55. 4	56.3	56.1	55. 7	▲ 0.4
	Labor Dispatching	47.9	47. 3	49.6	50.7	52.0	52.0	50.9	48.9	50.9	52.3	50.0	48.8	50.6	1.8
	Special Services	49.2	50.1	50.9	52.3	51.7	52.2	51.3	51.2	52.0	51.1	50.3	50.5	51.4	0.9
	Medical, Welfare, Public Health	41.5	42. 2	41.8	44.6	44.8	44. 2	43.4	42.4	43.6	41.8	43.2	44.4	43. 2	▲ 1.2
	Education	41.9	44.4	38. 4	42.2	41.4	40.7	43.8	46.4	45.6	42.6	44.4	43.7	43. 1	▲ 0.6
	Other	44.3	46.5	48.6	47.5	49.2	48. 2	47.9	47.2	47.6	47.2	48.1	47.5	48. 5	1.0
Total		47.4	50.0	50.8	51.6	51.6	51.7	50.8	50.4	50.8	50.8	50.9	50.2	50.4	0.2
Other		37.0	38. 2	39. 2	41.2	39.8	40.9	40.8	39. 2	40.1	38. 2	42.8	41.3	41.2	▲ 0.1

	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Ratio to the Previous Month
Hokkaido	40.6	41.2	42. 2	43.0	43.9	45.6	44.8	43.6	43.7	43.3	43.3	41.6	41.8	0. 2
Tohoku	37. 2	41.1	41.2	41.6	41.7	42.1	41.8	41.5	41.4	41.3	40.3	40.2	38.8	▲ 1.4
kitakanto	41.4	42.6	43.3	43.4	42.8	43.1	43.1	42.9	43.0	42.6	43.0	40.9	41.7	0.8
minamikanto	43.9	45.7	46.7	47.2	47. 2	47.4	46.6	46.4	46.3	46.7	46.6	46.5	46.6	0.1
Hokuriku	41.2	42. 1	42.5	44.0	43.7	43.6	43.1	42.5	42.1	42.3	42.5	40.0	39.8	▲ 0.2
Tokai	41.1	42.8	43.3	44.6	43.8	44. 4	44.4	43.6	44.4	45.1	44.8	44.4	43. 1	▲ 1.3
Kinki	41.8	43.6	44.3	45.4	43.9	43.8	43.6	43.2	43.7	44.1	44.6	43.6	43.2	▲ 0.4
Chugoku	41.8	44.1	44.8	44. 9	44.7	45.3	44. 3	44. 1	44.9	44. 2	43.9	44.3	43.2	▲ 1.1
Shikoku	38. 6	40.0	40.7	43.0	41.7	42.6	41.8	41.2	41.4	41.3	42.5	42. 2	41.0	▲ 1.2
Kyushu	44.8	46.4	48.1	48.5	48. 2	48.0	48.3	47.7	48.6	48.7	49.0	48.3	48.1	▲ 0.2

Appendix

1.Research Subjects(Companies researched: 27,443; Valid responses: 11,267; Response rate: 41.1%)

1.Region

Hokkaido	511	Tokai	1,207
Tohoku	774	Kinki	1,876
kitaKanto	916	Chugoku	756
minamikanto	3,313	Shikoku	371
Hokuriku	586	Kyushu	957
		Total	11,267

2.Industry (10 Industries 51 Lines of business)

Agriculture,For	estry,Fisheries	102
Finance		173
Construction		1,699
Real Estate		471
	Food,Beverages,Livestock Feed	319
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	146
	Construction Materials, Furniture, Ceramics, Stone and Clay Products	203
	Pulp, Paper and Paper Products	92
	Publishing, Printing	206
Manufacturing	Chemical	363
(2,826)	Steel, Nonferrous Metals, Mining	497
	General Machinery	449
	Electrical Machinery	305
	Transportation Machinery, Equipment	107
	Precision Machinery, Medical Instruments and Equipment	70
	Others	69
	Food,Beverages	330
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	163
	Construction Materials, Furniture, Ceramics, Stone and Clay Products	289
Wholesale	Paper Products, Stationery, Books	109
(2,549)	Chemical	249
	Recycled Resources	32
	Steel, Nonferrous Metals, Mining Products	259
	Machinery, Equipment	805
	Others	313

	Food, Beverages	138
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	85
	Drugs,Sundries	58
Retail	Furniture	26
(786)	Electrical Household Appliances, Information Machinery and Equipment	56
	Motor Vehicles, Motor Vehicle Parts	116
	Special Merchandise	247
	Various Merchandise	46
	Others	14
Transportation	n, Warehousing	460
	Restaurants	109
	Telecommunications	9
	Electricity, Gas, Water, Heat	13
	Leasing, Rentals	98
	Lodging, Hotels	95
	Recreation	109
Service	Broadcasting	17
(2,163)	Maintenance,Guarding,Testing	225
	Advertising	121
	Information	532
	Labor Dispatching	77
	Special Services	382
	Medical,Welfare,Public Health	130
	Education	36
	Others	210
Others		38
	Total	11,267

3.Size

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Large Firms	1,671	14.8%
Small to Medium-sized Firms	9,596	85.2%
micro Firms	3,812	33.8%
Total	11,267	100.0%

2.Research Items

*Business Confidence (current, in 3 months, in 6 months, in 1 year)

*Business Conditions (sales, purchasing and selling unit price, inventory, capacity utilization ratio, number of employees, overtime work hours)

3. Research Period and Methodology

Internet-based survey conducted February 15 – 29 2024

The explanation of the Economic Diffusion Index

Research Purpose/Researched Terms

TDB Economic Trend Research (started from May 2002) is a monthly statistical survey conducted for over 27,000 nationwide corporations on their general business activities including the current condition and future outlook of the industry business performance and operating climate. The primary purpose of such a survey is to assess the current state of Japan's economy.

Selection of the Subject Corporations

Companies of all sizes in all domestic industries are eligible to participate in the survey.

DI Calculation

The DI (Diffusion Index) is calculated by multiplying the number of responses for each assessment category by the number given in parentheses in the table below, to a seven-level assessment rated by companies.

Selection category	Extremely good	good	fairly good	neither good nor bad	fairly bad	bad	very bad
points	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
number of responses for each category	N ₆	N_5	N ₄	N ₃	N_2	N_1	N_0

Economic DI

$$= \frac{\text{Total of (Points for each category} \times \text{Number of responses for each category)}}{\text{Number of valid responses } N} \times \frac{1}{6} \times 100$$

$$\equiv \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{6} i \times N_i}{N} \times \frac{1}{6} \times 100$$

An economic DI of 50 is **the point separating good and bad**, so a DI over 50 means "good," and below 50 means "bad." (The numbers are rounded off to one decimal place.) No weight is given according to a company's size, and calculations are made on the basis of "one company, one vote."

Size Classification

Industry	Large Firms	Small to Medium-Sized Firms (Micro Firms included)	Micro Firms
Manufacturing and	Capital: More than 300 million yen	Capital: Below 300 million yen	
Other Industries*	and	or	No. of Employee: Below 20
	No. of Employee: Over 300	No. of Employee: Below 300	
Wholesale Trade	Capital: More than 100 million yen	Capital: Below 100 million yen	
	and	or	No. of Employee: Below 5
	No. of Employee: Over 100	No. of Employee: Below 100	
Retail Trade	Capital: More than 50 million yen	Capital: Below 50 million yen	
	and	or	No. of Employee: Below 5
	No. of Employee: Over 50	No. of Employee: Below 50	
Service**	Capital: More than 50 million yen	Capital: Below 50 million yen	
	and	or	No. of Employee: Below 5
	No. of Employee: Over 100	No. of Employee: Below 100	

Note1: Large Firms refer to companies that rank in the top 3% in terms of sales volume according to the type of business, among small to midium-sized corporations excluding micro firms, which are defined in Small and Medium Enterprises Basic Act.

Note2: Small to Medium-Sized Firms refer to companies that rank in the bottom 50% in terms of sales volume according to the type of business, among those not categorized as small to midium-sized corporations in Small to Medium-Sized Enterprises Basic Act.